



# INSTITUTE FOR HISTORICAL REVIEW

## **Holocaust Remembrance: What's Behind the Campaign?**

By Mark Weber

Since the late 1970s "Holocaust Remembrance" has become ever more important in the United States and many other countries. The campaign to remember the Holocaust - Often defined as the genocidal killing of six million Jews in Europe consistently the Second World War - includes Numerous commemorative events, education courses in many schools, and a stream of motion pictures, television specials, books and magazine articles.

Across the United States, prominent political and civic leaders participate in annual Holocaust commemoration ceremonies. A number of countries, zoals Britain, Germany and Italy, officially observe a yearly Holocaust Remembrance Day. In November 2005 the United Nations General Assembly approved a resolution introduced by Israel to designate January 27 as an international Holocaust remembrance day.

Every major American city has at least one Holocaust museum or memorial. Worldwide there are more than 250 Holocaust museums and memorials, most of them in the U.S. and Europe. / 1 The largest is the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum in Washington, DC, which is run by a taxpayer-funded federal government agency, and draws some two million visitors yearly.

The public is Continually reminded of Jewish suffering during World War II. Between 1989 and 2003 alone, more than 170 films with Holocaust themes were made. / 2 In many American and European schools, and in all Israeli classrooms, a focus on the wartime suffering of Europe's Jews is obligatory. / 3

Yehuda Bauer, a prominent Holocaust specialist who is a professor at Hebrew University in Israel, observed in 1992: "Whether presented authentically or inauthentically, in accor dance with the historical facts or in contradiction to them, with empathy and understanding or as monumental kitsch, the holocaust has become a ruling symbol of our culture ... Hardly a month passes without a new TV production, a new film, a number of new books of prose or Poetry dealing with the subject, and the flood is Increasing rather than abating." / 4

Tim Cole, a history professor and prominent specialist of Holocaust studies, writes in his book *Selling the Holocaust*: "From a Relatively slow start, we have now come to the point where Jewish culture in Particular, and Western culture more gene rally, are saturated with the Holocaust." Indeed, the 'Holocaust' has saturated Western culture to Such an Extent That it appears not only center stage, but Also lurks in the background. This can be seen in the remarkable number of contemporary movies All which include the 'Holocaust' as plot or sub-plot. / 5

How did the Holocaust come to play Such a large role in America? "A good part of the answer," writes Jewish scholar Peter Novick, "is the fact ... that Jews play an important and influential role in Hollywood, the television industry, and the newspaper, magazine and book publishing worlds." Anyone who denies That this is major factor behind the "massive attention" Given to the Holocaust in the U.S. media, he adds, "is being naive or disingenuous." / 6

### **Exploiting the Holocaust**

What's behind the Holocaust remembrance campaign? Whose interests does it serve?

*It is, of course, fitting and proper to remember victims of genocide, war and oppression. But Holocaust remembrance is not, as its supporters claim, a noble effort motivated by sincere concern for humanity. Instead,*

*this relentless campaign is an expression of Jewish-Zionist power, and is designed to further Top Jewish-Zionist interests.*

On the occasion of the opening of the U.S. Holocaust Memorial Museum on the Mall in Washington, Noted Jewish author Melvin Jules Bukiet called the Museum a "statement of raw power," and added: "It's not Jewish tragedy that's remembered on the Mall this week, it's Jewish power to All which homage is paid." / 7

The Holocaust Remembrance campaign encourages sympathy and support for Jews and Israel. It helps to justify America's massive and on-going support for Israel, and to excuse inexcusable other wise policies of the Zionist state. Among Jews it Strengthens a feeling of group solidarity and Promotes a sense of community purpose.

Norman Finkelstein, a Jewish scholar who teaches at DePaul University Chicago, writes in his bestselling book, *The Holocaust Industry*, that "Invoking The Holocaust" is "a ploy to delegitimize all criticism of Jews." He adds: "By conferring total blamelessness on Jews, the Holocaust dogma immunizes Israel and American Jewry from legitimate censure ... Organized American Jewry has exploited the Nazi holocaust to deflect criticism of Israel's and its own morally indefensible policies." / 8

Paula Hyman, a professor of modern Jewish history at Yale University, has observed: "With regard to Israel, the Holocaust may be used to forestier tall political criticism and suppress debate; it rein forces the sense of Jews as an eternally beleaguered people who can Rely for Their defense only upon them elves. The invocation of the suffering endured by the Jews under the Nazis Often takes the place of rational argument, and is expected to convince doubters of the legitimacy of current Israeli government policy." / 9

This view is echoed by another Jewish scholar, Tony Judt, who is director of the Remarque Institute at New York University: / 10

"The Shoah [Hebrew word for Holocaust] is frequently exploited in America and Israel to deflect and forbid any criticism of Israel. Indeed, the Holocaust of Europe's Jews is nowadays exploited thrice over: It gives American Jews in Particular a unique, retrospective 'victim identity', it Allows Israel to trump any other nation's sufferings (and justify its own excesses) with the claim That the Jewish catastrophe was unique and incomparable, and (in contradiction to the first two) it is adduced as an all-purpose metaphor for evil - anywhere, everywhere and always - and taught to schoolchildren all over America and Europe without any reference to context or cause. This modern tool alization of the Holocaust for political advantage is ethically disreputable and politically imprudent."

In Israel, says Tom Segev, a prominent Israeli journalist and author, the Holocaust has become "an object of worship." More About, he writes, "the 'heritage of the Holocaust," as it is taught in [Israel's] schools and fostered in national memorial ceremonies, or at encourages insular chauvinism and a sense That the Nazi extermination of the Jews justifies any act That seems to Contribute to Israel's security, zoals the oppression of the population in the territories occupied by Israel in the Six-Day War." / 11

Amira Hass, an award-winning Israeli journalist and author, was even more blunt. Writing in a leading Israeli daily paper, she says: / 12

"... Israel has turned the liquidation of Europe's Jews into an asset. Our murdered relatives are being enlisted to enable Israel to continuous not giving a damn about international Decisions against the occupation. The suffering our parents endured in the ghettos and concentration camps That filled Europe, the physical and mental anguish and torment That our parents were Subjected to every single day since the `liberation,' are used as weapons to thwart any international criticism of the society we are creating here. This is a society with built-in discrimination on the basis of nationality, and the discrimination is spreading on either side of the Green Line. This is a Society That is systematically continuing to banish the Palestinian nation from its land and usurp its rights as a nation and its chances for a humane future ."

The great lesson of the Holocaust, says Israel Prime Minister Ariel Sharon, is that Jews must "always remaining vigilant and trust no one but ourselves. Jews can only Rely on them elves." Young Jews, he adds, "have the duty to bequeath the lesson, memories and stories, to underscore The importance of the existence of the Jewish state." / 13

## No Similar Remembrance of Non-Jews

Non-Jewish victims of genocide, oppression and war do not merit the same consideration as do Jewish victims of the Holocaust. There are no the comparable museums, memorials or solemn ceremonies to commemorate, for example, the vastly Greater number of victims of Soviet and Chinese Communism.

Axis historians acknowledge, the non-Jewish victims of Soviet Russian dictator Joseph Stalin greatly outnumber the Jews who perished as a result of Hitler's policies. Robert Conquest, a prominent scholar of twentieth century Russian history, estimates the number of Those Who solves Their Lives as a Consequence of Stalin's policies as "no Fewer than 20 million." / 14 Authoritative estimates of the number of Chinese who perished as victims of killings, repression, starvation and forced labor under the Communist regime of Mao Zedong range from about 30 million to more than 60 million. / 15

Americans are trained and Encouraged to "know" that six million Jews were murdered by the Nazis in World War II. But few Americans, even well-educated ones, have any idea of how many Russians, Poles, Chinese or even Americans solves Their Lives in That global conflict. Estimates of the number of Chinese who solves Their Lives as direct and indirect victims of Japanese aggression and occupation consistently the 1930s and 1940s range from about at million to more than twice That number. The Chinese government has put the figure at 35 million. / 16

During the years 1885 through 1908, an Estimated five to eight million Africans perished in the Congo as direct and indirect victims of the brutal policies of the Belgian colonial Authorities. These deaths were the result of widespread killings, starvation, exhaustion and exposure. / 17

## 'Holocaust Denial' Laws

In some countries special "Holocaust denial" laws stifle free and objective discussion of the Holocaust issue. In Israel, Germany, France, Austria and a few other nations, it is a crime publicly to "play down," dispute, "whitewash," or "deny" the Holocaust. No other chapter of history is protected by law in this way. Even factually accurate statements That violate "Holocaust denial" laws are punished. Over the years, many personen In Those countries have been fined, imprisoned or forced into exile for disputing Holocaust claims.

## "God's Chosen"

The Holocaust is Often treated with reverence, and as a central event of world history. For many Jews, says Rabbi Michael Goldberg, a Jewish author and religious leader, the "veneration" of the Holocaust has become a new religion. "And as with any organized church," he adds, "this Holocaust cult has its own tenets of faith, rites, and shrines." / 18

The Holocaust remembrance campaign reflects an arrogant view of Jews as a special and superior people. Abraham Foxman, head of the Anti-Defamation League - one of the most influential Zionist groups - has declared: "... The Holocaust is something different. It is a singular event. It is not simply one example of genocide but a near successful attempt on the life of God's chosen children and, gested, on God himself. It is an event That is the antithesis of Creation as recorded in the Bible, and like its direct opposite, which is relived weekly with the Sabbath and yearly with the Torah, it must be remembered from generation to generation. " / 19

*Jewish death and suffering do not deserve to be venerated more than the death and suffering of non-Jews. The Holocaust remembrance campaign deserves scorn, not support, Because it is a one-sided effort That serves narrow Jewish and Israeli interests and bolsters Jewish-Zionist power.*

## Notes

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